The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867. NO. 233.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

(Special Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.)

A VISIT TO BETHANY AND THE GARDEN OF GETHSEMANE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 28, 1867.

My last, I think, was written in Jerusalem, and descriptive of a ride through the valleys of Hinnom and Jehosaphat, and to the summit of Mount Olivet. Since we left the "city of the Great King," our method of traveling has mainly been such as to render correspondence impossible. After spending from eight to twelve hours of the day on horseback one is not apt to scratch with "cacoethes scribendi" at night. And even if he were afflicted with that malady, the inconveniences of a tent, especially in hot weather, when rain and the feet together have made a jelly of the ground, the interruptions from companions, the altercations among the mules, always latched with their noses within a few feet of the tabernacle, the ear-racking gutturals of the quarrelsome muleteers, the soporiferous serenade of all the dogs, who bark as if the souls of Tartarus had entered into them, and were determined to escape in sound, and, lastly, the constant demand made upon your fingers by a different kind of "cacoethes," produced by flea bites, these, and a host of the other remedies, would speedily work a cure, or change the nature of the disease.

The consequence is, a letter written about Jerusalem must bear the caption of Constantinople and be without the freshness secured by describing a scene while the heart and pen are still warm with the enthusiasm it has kindled.

Every day of

OUR SOJOURN IN THE HOLY CITY.

was a chapter for a volume. We visited the Church of St. Ann, the pools of Bethesda and Hezekiah, the Chapel of the Flagellation, the site of Pilate's Palace, the arch of Ecce Homo, the Cathedral of the Holy Sepulchre with its numerous shrines, genuine or apocryphal, the tower of David, the Leper's Quarter, the Cœnaculum or room of the Last Supper, the House of Caiaphas, the Mosks of Oma and Asak; the immense excavations underneath the City supposed to be the quarries whence were taken the stones of the ancient walls and in which were hewn ready for the building those of Solomon's Temple, the grotto of Jeremiah and the tombs of the Kings, the Judges and the Prophets; but I despair of being able to give you an account of our visits. Those nine days condensed the life of years. The number and beauty of the pictures they donated to its galleries have made a *Louvre* of memory, through which the mind delights to leisurely stroll, and pausing before whatever scenes best suit its passing moods to gaze, study, admire and feel rich in their imperishable possession.

There are two spots, however, in the vicinity of Jerusalem, of which I must say something, more to gratify my own love to talk about them than to instruct or entertain you. If not mentioned in the list it is because they occupy a separate chamber of the heart, hanging just over the altar of its inmost sanctuary. Before them affection, like a priest, keeps its golden lamps continually burning.

BETHANY AND GETHSEMANE.

Connected in situation, in history, in theology. They are on opposite sides of Olivet. It was in Bethany that Jesus shed tears of pity, and in Gethsemane that he sweat blood drops of agony. It was in Bethany that Jesus was anointed for his burial, and in Gethsemane that he was seized for his execution. It was in Bethany that Jesus gave the sweetest token of His friendship for man by sharing man's home, its joys and sorrows, and in Gethsemane that He gave the strongest evidence of his infinite love for man by drinking to the dregs the wormwood and gall of man's iniquity and its penalty. I remember well the day, as who would not, we visited those foot-prints of Divinity.—Clattering out of St. Stephen's gate we passed through the Turk's cemetery, where, veiled and draped in white, the women, whose business it is to go morning and evening to the tombs and mourn, were leaning against the sculptured turbans, engaged in the formalities of grief. We then descended a steep hill by the spot pointed out as that where the proto-martyr "fell asleep" under the stones of the mob and with the heavens opened to receive him. Crossing the bridge over the Kedron and leaving the tomb of the virgin on our left, we turned the corner of the wall of Gethsemane and halted before the gate on its upper or eastern side, until "Antika," our guide, could notify the padre of our presence. Antika dismounted and rapped energetically, but the padre did not respond; so we concluded that he either was "dead to the world" in slumber or absent on an errand of charity, and concluded also not to tarry longer, but continue our ride to Bethany and rap again on our return. Our route was that taken by David in his flight from Absalom. As we toiled up the rough and century-worn, road every particular of that sad event so minutely and vividly narrated in 11 Samuel, xv and xvi, came to mind. The indulgent father and exiled king, fleeing from his son and throne, "went over the brook Kedron toward the way of the wilderness. And went up by the ascent of Olivet and wept as he went up, and had his head covered; and he went barefooted; and all the people that were with him covered every man his head, and they went up weeping as they went up." On the summit we rested as did that procession while "David worshipped God, and Hushai the Archite came to meet him with his coat rent and earth upon his head." Inclining to the left we crossed the northern shoulder of the mount and arrived at the place, easily fixed a little below a white domed wely or Sheik's tomb, at which David was met when a little past the top of the hill by Ziba, the servant of Mephibosheth, who brought with him "a couple of asses saddled and upon them two hundred loaves of bread, and a hundred bunches of raisins, and a hundred of summer fruits, and a bottle of wine." Still further down the declivity there was another interruption of the flight. Shimei, the son of Gera, came forth, cursing as he came, and cast stones at David, his servants, his household, his people, and the mighty men on his right hand and his left. I could but think while riding along that even had the monarch been able to have held his kingdom and quelled the insurrection, the pain caused by the ingratitude and rebellion of his idolized son was enough for the stoutest spirit to support, but when to that pain was added the treachery of officers and subjects, the necessity of sudden departure, the sweeping away as by a whirlwind of his property, the danger of starvation, of capture, of death at the hands of his own offspring, I wondered that he did not sink some where upon this road and die with broken heart.

How I rejoice that it was otherwise.—Death would have snapped the lyre-strings which the measure of the calamity served only to strike as with a bold hand into psalms that have never been silenced since—that, floating through ages of sorrow, have been unceasingly swelled by the praises they evoked from the sighing ones they comforted into singing; and their end is not yet nor can be until God shall have wiped away all tears from his children's eyes.

But we are in sight of Bethany. There it sits in its sequestered nook, a hamlet of about twenty half-ruined houses. It has a beggar's look. It was never the home of the rich, the proud, the grand. But He who, though rich, for our sake, became poor, abided with its humble habitants.—And now what name that conquered a world and that made senates tremble and nations applaud, is so familiar to Christendom's ear and tongue and heart as the names of "Martha and her sister and Lazarus," the family whom Jesus loved.

When Paris and London shall be as Nineveh and Babylon to-day are; nay, when the names of them all shall have entirely faded from memory, this insignificant village shall still be young in its immortality of renown. For Bethany is celebrated in the annals of heaven, and on the resurrection day whose morning star was lighted here in the restoration of Lazarus to his anguished sisters, Bethany shall be distinctly heard and form a thrilling note in the hosannah chorus of the redeemed.

THE TOMB OF LAZARUS.

But I digress. The path is precipitous. We dismount and lead our horses down.—We have reached the tomb of Lazarus. We enter by a low opening, and feel our way down a long, winding, dilapidated staircase to a small chamber, the walls of which are partly plastered, partly the naked rock of the cavern. From this chamber, a few steps lead into a low vault, I imagine not more than nine feet square. Therein lay the body of Lazarus. The closeness of the atmosphere limits our inspection to a mere glance. We retire to the larger room, and sitting upon the floor, Bible in hand, one of us read aloud, by candle light, St. John's account of the miracle and of the Saviour's intercourse with those whom it most affected. How touchingly simple, how surpassingly beautiful that Gospel sounds when read on the spot it commemorates. The past tense becomes the present. The scene is not finished but transpiring. Right there in that cell the corpse had been lying four days, and every day Mary has been here to weep.—The noise of conversation, as of many persons above, I begin to hear.

A shadow is in the door. It is *His*. The long-expected and prayed for has come from beyond Jordan. His mellow voice tremulous with emotion, but loud with authority, peals down the arched staircase and echos among these sepulchral walls, "*Lazarus come forth.*" It goes deep beyond, reaching into the regions of death. Hush! do you hear that rustling? See! he comes stooping, "bound hand and foot with grave clothes and his face bound about with a napkin." Slowly he mounts the steps. He is on the threshold. He has passed out under the sky. Listen again! "*Loose him and let him go!*" And Lazarus, the dead brother, no longer dead, is in the arms of his bereaved sisters, no longer bereaved.—Neighbors gather around and passionately greet him. Bethany is glad. The news flies throughout the land. Crowds come from Jerusalem to see "the man" who has wrought the wonder, and believe him God.

Reluctantly do we tear ourselves from the hallowed place. We go from the grave to the house of Mary and Martha, and that of Simon the leper, where, while Jesus sat at supper, Mary anointed his feet with costly spikenard, and wiped them with her hair, and, as the *room* then was, even so, to day, the *world is* "filled with the odor of the ointment."

THE GARDEN OF GETHSEMANE.

We return to Gethsemane, over the Southern shoulder of Olivet, by the road Messiah followed on the morning of his triumphal entry into Jerusalem. Our raps are more successful this time than before, for the heavy iron gate soon swings open with a creak, exhibiting the tonsured head of Padre Louis, who invites us into the garden. It disappoints at first. There is too much of art, too little of nature. The happy medium, so desirable and so rarely obtained, between culpable neglect and excessive care, is not found here. The fancy which has already prepared a Gethsemane of its own does not at once recognize the claims of this; objects to the imprisoning walls, to the trim parterres, to the front-yard neatness of the railings, to the prayer stations arithmetically calculated, and marked by crucifixes on tae stuccoed enclosure, to the air of perfect-readiness-for-the-scrutiny-of-connoisseur-ship in the whole.

But the eye speedily becomes accustomed to what it cannot alter and concentrates its attention upon the olive trees doubly grand—grand from their own palpable antiquity, grand from association with incidents of which they are the sole surviving spectators on earth. These trees are eight in number. Their guarled and massive stems, and far spreading leafy boughs, give them the appearance of patriarchs in the attitude of blessing. I cannot understand why they should not be as old as the event requires, nor do I desire to understand, if an illusion lovelier than the truth is to be dissolved by the explanation. I abandon criticism to erudite cavilers and recline under the foliage of the largest and most ancient of the trees—the one supposed to have shadowed the victim in his prostrations of agony. Here, then, with soul exceeding sorrowful unto death, He fell on the ground and prayed, while His disciples slept a stone's cast hence, too fatigued to watch with Him. Here thrice He bowed himself and groaned the entreaty to be delivered from the mysterious cup. Oh, the intensity of that struggle, it wrung the crimson perspiration from his temples and forced the strengthening succor of anxious Heaven; but its issue was victory, and its fruit eternal life.

I will not, dear *Courier*, trespass upon your patience by detailing my reflections while resting under that venerable olive, by telling how with mental vision I saw Judas, one of the twelve, come, accompanied by a great multitude with swords and staves from the chief priests and elders of the people, and how, after the kiss of murder was planted on His pale cheek, I saw the Son of Man rudely grasped and led away to Caiaphas, to Calvary. For once upon the tide I should be borne by it beyond my intentions—beyond your wishes. When we were about to withdraw, Padre Louis presented each of us a delicate bouquet, composed of roses, jonquils, marigolds and other flowers which he had culled and arranged during our short stay. I took mine to my room in the hotel, and by putting them in water enjoyed their beauty and aroma for several days. They died too soon, as all lovely things do, but their meaning still blooms in my being, and

"Their fragrance hath made
A garden within me where memory strays
Evermore, with faint footfalls, down blossoming ways.

R. A. HOLLAND.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS, MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA; BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES; SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES; ALBUMS; PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207 tf

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, AND GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in the city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, plain, gilded and painted, all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes, Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every lady in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices.

A. KLINE.

Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.

May 2-226-2m.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

AXES, SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES, PITCH FORKS, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, SPOONS, TEA KETTLES, SKIVES, FRY PANS, STOCK AND PAD LOCKS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, NAILS, SCREWS, TACKS, HOOK AND EYE HINGES, N. 1 BUTTS, AUGUR BITS AND GIMLETS.

Which I am selling very cheap to close out lot.

DOUGLAS BELL,

April 18-213-tf Market Square.

NOTICE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Raleigh, on Monday, the 20th. day of May next, the following property of C. M. Farris, viz:

A certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Raleigh, adjoining the Gas Lot, and others.

Also, the intrest of C. M. Farris the same being one half in fee simple, in and to the two following lots:

The first, situated in the late extended limits of the city of Raleigh, west ward of Halifax Street and on the north side of Johnson Street, adjoining the lot lately owned by W. W. Vass and others, containing one third of an acre, more or less.

The second being the lot on Davie Street, known as the Hackney Pool lot, adjoining the lands of Seth K. Jones and others, containing one half acre or thereabouts.

Also, all his undivided intrest, share and part of lot No 3 and small part of lot No 1, in the city of Raleigh being the Albert Carter lot, his said intrest being two thirds of said lot, situated on the south side of Lenoir Street.

Terms made known on day of sale.

W. H. HIGH,

April 24-wtd Trustee of C. M. Farris.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.

April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C. E. H. LASSITER Northampton Co., N. C.

HUNTER & LASSITER,

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

Cotton Factors, & General Commission MERCHANTS,

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Feb 6-154-3m

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!

A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. Q. Bryant, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sauls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice.

NOW, THEREFORE, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.—Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.

WM. H. RAGLEY, Private Sec'y.

DESCRIPTION. J. Q. Bryant is between 25 and 30 years old, about 6 feet 1 inch high, straight, square shouldered, light complexioned, down look, incessantly chewing tobacco, visiting dissipated places, fond of gaming, dark hair, has a sore leg (or has had, which will leave a scar.)

Feb 22—168-4f

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored,) late of the County of Wake, in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Mayo, (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice;

NOW THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 23d. day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,

WM. H. RAGLEY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.

Feb 22-168-1m

EQUITY SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECRETAL ORDER OF Equity for the county of Johnston, I shall sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the late residence of W. E. Moore, deceased, on the 11th. day of May next, the lands belonging to the estate of the said Walter E. Moore, deceased, consisting of about

NINE HUNDRED ACRES;

about 18 miles from the city of Raleigh, and on the Raleigh and Wilmington Road

This is evidently one of the most desirable farms in the county—land fertile, and highly adapted to both corn and cotton, and for health not surpassed by any residence in this part of the state.

TERMS.—Enough cash to pay the costs. Bonds well secured for the payment of the balance of the purchase money, six and twelve months after date, with interest from day of sale.

L. ELDRIDGE, C. & M. E.

April 24-220-ts for Johnston County.

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRISS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city for rent or sale.

Apply to S. C. BADGER.

Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12.00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2.00.
Do. " Hillsboro, 2.20
Do. " Raleigh, 2.70.

Apply to

POWELL, WILSON & CO.

Catawba Station,

Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

GUANO! GUANO!!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF No. 1, PERUVIAN Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate of Lime, direct from the manufactory and sold at their rates, only adding transportation. Farmers will do well to secure what they may want, at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.

April 15-213-tf

LIME! LIME!!

150 Barrels Fresh Lockport Lime, on consignment, and offered very low, if taken at the Depot at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.

April 29-224-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,

P. O. DRAWER 283, BUFFALO, N. Y.

April 6-205-1ywad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists

April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,

No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

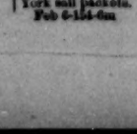
Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists.

April 8-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.



WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most successful success. Names of all purchasers will be registered and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and post-paid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEBREUX FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents. Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 6-154-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, JOHN H. HYMAN,

OF TARBORO, N.C., OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medication, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," combined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. GUERSENT, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His address is Mt. Carmel, Halifax county, Va.

April 9-207-2m

WOOD'S FAMILY ROE AND CUT HERRINGS AND FAMILY SHAD.

Having received many orders heretofore from persons in various parts of the country, which I could not fill, on account of the inconvenience of transportation, I have established an agency with

MESSRS. C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

Norfolk, Va., who will fill any orders that may be sent them for my fish, and forward them to any part of the country. They will always be found of superior quality and put up in the best manner, in pickle—light packages, barrels and half barrels and half barrels. EDWARD WOOD,

Edenton, N. C., April 13-211-3awlm

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country.

Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one hundred pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING will be held at Tarboro, N. C., at twelve o'clock M., on Monday, 13th. May, 1867. The members of the Medical Profession are respectfully invited to attend. The various Rail Roads of the State have consented to issue free return tickets to those who may attend the meeting.

S. S. SATCHWELL,

April 25-221-2awtd. Secretary.

NOTICE!

VALUABLE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, COMPLETE, FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust to me executed, I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House door, in the city of Newbern, on Tuesday, the 30th. day of May next, one complete printing establishment, consisting of press, types and fixtures.

Persons desiring the material for starting a paper will find this a rare chance, as everything is in good order.

Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. GREEN, Trustee.

April 30-4d.

IRON AND TIN-WARE.

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears, Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

April 11-209-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Butcher Knives and Forks, and Knives only.

Guano Droppers, made and on hand.

April-17-214-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL

AT 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.

April 29-224-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware,
Bowls and Pitchers,
Edged and C. C. Plates,
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands,

ALSO,

Framed Looking Glasses.

April 23-219-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads,
Hoop Iron and Cast Steel.

May 3-226-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

1867. SPRING TRADE 1867.

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 14 and 12 x 18 do.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.

mar 11-180-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES,

Well furnished, on hand.

my 6-229-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.

1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE MINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88 Liberty Street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, I. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked. C. R. ALLEN,

Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R & G R R.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,

Manufacturing Chemist,

Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern states, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,

Manufacturing Chemist,

Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists,

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1 00
For two months,	1 50
Three months,	2 00
Six months	3 00
One year,	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5 00
" " six months,	2 50
Weekly Sentinel, one year,	3 00
" six months,	1 50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867.

THE SENIOR EDITOR of this paper was seized with a sudden and alarming illness, after retiring on Thursday night. At the time of writing this paragraph, his symptoms are improving, and there is every reason to hope that he may be speedily returned to his post of usefulness. His numerous friends in this community have manifested an earnest and affectionate anxiety on his account, since the intelligence of his illness became known, which is warmly appreciated.

The sickness of the Senior Editor, and the engagements of the Associate, will account for the absense of editorial matter in to-day's *Sentinel*. Our readers will be more than compensated, however, for the deficiency by some good and interesting selections.

GEN. SICKLES' ORDER.

The important order of Gen. Sickles, which we published on yesterday, contains explicit information on most of the points upon which our people have been anxious to be informed.

The registration is to commence on the third Monday in July, which is the fifteenth day of the month. This work need not occupy more than a month, or six weeks at the farthest, so that it is probable that all the machinery can be properly adjusted for an election by the 1st day of September. The details of the order appear to provide ample facilities for registration and to furnish sufficient guarantees that it shall be faithfully and impartially conducted.—While, of course, it will be impossible, even if it were desirable, to have Registrars in each of the precincts of the several Counties, as heretore constituted, the order would seem to look to the appointment of a sufficient number to secure a prompt enrolment of all qualified voters, while the provision directing that the Registrars shall revisit each of the precincts and revise the list of voters will leave no one who is privileged, or disposed to register, any ground of complaint for want of proper notification in the premises.

The qualifications for Registrars prescribed by the order, indicate the purpose and desire of the General Commanding that the work entrusted to them shall be performed in such a manner as to give satisfaction to all parties. No one can desire more than that they shall be persons of recognized consideration and worth, fairly representing the population, and in whose impartiality and capacity the body of voters in the vicinage may have just reliance.

These details arranged, what is left is, that our people should go forward at the proper time, and register and then vote.—From our point of view, we should regard the neglect of this duty as criminal. The failure to perform it may involve consequences which it is fearful to contemplate. Any fastidiousness about going to the polls by the side of the colored man, or any indisposition to vote, because such act might, virtually, be considered as acknowledging the legality of the Congressional legislation, are, under the peculiar circumstances by which we are surrounded, mawkish, in the one case, and unpractical in the other. We must strive to educe the greatest amount of good out of the present evil. That is the plain, imperative and inexorable obligation which stares us in the face.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH Anniversary exercises of the American Anti-slavery Society were held in New York, on Wednesday, a large audience being present. Speeches were made by Wendell Phillips, Anna E. Dickinson and other lights of lesser brilliancy. Resolutions were adopted, declaring the oaths of the Southern whites, and the Constitutions of the Southern States, too slight and uncertain guarantees for the civil rights of the negro; favoring the immediate impeachment and removal of the "traitor at the White House" and a close watch upon the Supreme Court; warning the freedmen in the South of the proffered friendship of the whites; recommending care in the selection of a candidate for the next Presidential election, taking heed that "we do not drift into incompetent or unfriendly hands through heedless hero worship," (a blow at Gen. Grant) and favoring confiscation and the division of confiscated lands among the negroes. It is fortunate that such vile counsels, like the late *judicial* diatribe of Underwood, carry their antidote with them. They are calculated to shock and disgust all decent people in the country.

SOUTHERN REGISTRATION—THE ACTION OF THE CABINET.—The subject of registration in the Southern States was considered in cabinet session on Tuesday, and it was determined that an order should be sent to General Sheridan, directing him to extend the time for registering in his district, so as to enable the registers to get the benefit of the Attorney General's opinion, and, if need be, revise their action in accordance with that opinion before closing the registry.

The Attorney General has been so entirely occupied with his onerous and laborious official duties in the Supreme Court, that he has not been able to properly consider the subject of disfranchisement under the reconstruction act. To complete the work, it becomes necessary to examine the various statutes of the several Southern States, and it is understood that Mr. Stanberry will not be prepared to submit his opinion to the Cabinet till Tuesday next.

THE PEABODY FUND.

We have received the following card from Gov. Graham, which explains itself:

In reply to numerous letters submitting applications or making suggestions relative to the Peabody educational fund, I beg leave in this mode to state:

1st. That by resolution of the Board of Trustees, the fund will be devoted, for the next two years, to primary or rudimental education among the necessitous in the Southern States; within which time the accruing income and forty per cent of the principal of the fund may be so applied.

2nd. That the Rev. B. Sears, D. D., Providence, Rhode Island, is the agent of the Board, with whom correspondence may be held, as to the most eligible means of effecting the beneficent object in view, and that as early as his prior engagements may allow, Doctor Sears will visit the States of the South to acquire information, and commence the work committed to his charge. W. A. GRAHAM.

Hillsboro,' May 8th, 1867.

P. S. I shall be obliged to such papers in the State as may be pleased to publish this notice. W. A. G.

FREE SPEECH.—Senator Wilson said, in Charleston, that he had made seventeen speeches in the South and had not received the slighest discourtesy from any one. The Wheeling *Intelligencer* remarks: "If Senator W. shall accomplish nothing more than to show that free speech has become a reality in the South, he will have done a good work." It is to be hoped that steps will now be taken to make free speech a reality in the "loyal" States, a result which the President's tour to Chicago last year demonstrated was very far from being attained.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO RALEIGH.—The President has decided to compromise between not going South at all and going on a general tour, by going direct to Raleigh, and remaining one day and night there, and then returning to Washington. He will consequently be gone but three or four days.

This is the latest phase which the rumor of the President's visit to Raleigh has assumed. The statement *may* be correct, but we repeat that no information has been received in Raleigh of such a purpose on the part of the President.

THE NEGRO riot in Richmond is the legitimate fruit of the teachings of such public incendiaries as Hunnicutt and such judicial incendiaries as Underwood. The action of Gen. Schofield in putting down the disorder was prompt and commendable. But for his opportune interference, the most frightful consequences might have ensued.

For the Sentinel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I like the suggestion of your correspondent "Cluba," in relation to the establishment by our young men of debating societies, reading rooms and circulating libraries, which appeared in Monday's *Sentinel*. In passing through the world, whether its *treasure seekers* in one sense or another, and fighting it out on *this* or *that line*, the power of genius, the inspirations of eloquence, and the stern judgment of impartial and enlightened history, which is "philosophy teaching by examples," must still and forever interest us, as promoting a more correct knowledge of men, manners and things. Hence the reference by "Cinbo" to the British classics, and the valuable treasures to be had from a careful and diligent study of them, was very appropriate. But who among us, that is under the age of thirty, has read, or now reads, the works of Dr. Johnson, or of Goldsmith, Dryden, Pope, Smollet, Burke, Addison, Swift, and a host of others, so familiar to the old school? for there is an old school in literature, as well as in fashion; and why should not our young men recur to the *old school literature*, as well as the young women to the fashion of *shorts and tights* of our great grandames? If wave succeeds wave in the ocean of literature, as in that of the waters, the inquiry would be of little moment, as one wave would be about as powerful and limpid as another; but this is far from being the case. And let not this remark be ascribed to the canting prejudice of age or education, for truth and beauty lose not their attractions for age, while it is clear that history at least may be made forever new. The works, under which the Press has latterly groaned, are not unknown to us; and we might even admit, and so compromise the matter, that were a judicious course of reading selected from these materials alone, and strictly followed, the bright and profound authors we have named might repose in quiet on their dusty shelves. But the evil, of which we complain, results chiefly from the astonishing amount of ephemeral and trashy productions that are daily thrown upon the market, and hourly obtrude themselves on the notice of the young of both sexes, to the almost total exclusion of any sterling work of the beginning of this century, of the last, and beyond. The law of fashion, folly and fanaticism seems to be the prominent characteristic of the age, and affects our manners, government, and even religion, in common with our studies, if studies they can be called, which deal so largely with the fire fly literature of the present times. There are now so many novels and novelettes, periodicals and newspapers to be *tasted*, and so much reading to be done by *deputy*, (*the reviews,*) and so few solid books to be *chewed, swallowed*, and *inwardly digested*, that studies have actually become mere *divertisements*, leaving few durable and valuable impressions on the mind. And yet all this is fluently vindicated by young "Base Ball," though he confesses that he never read, or expects to read, one of the authors mentioned above, in his life! and who vauntingly resorts, for justification, to the very taking argument that ours is the age of progress and improvement—of the onward march of mind, in contrivances of science and literature, as well as in labor-saving machines and mechanics generally—that the old-fashion pedagogue, with his ferule in one hand and grammar in the other, is happily out of vogue—that all requisite knowledge can now be acquired with more ease in *twelve lessons*, or at the most, in a few months or years, than heretofore in a *life time* of toil and study.

Now all this *may* be true, but *we* do not see it, nor do we mean to contend this matter further than to enter our protest against *radicalism* in this, as in all other matters.

PHILO-CLUBS.

The President is about to be petitioned by citizens of Tennessee to disarm the militia of that State, by requiring that the 10,000 stand of arms furnished by resolution of Congress be placed in the arsenal during a time of peace. These are now distributed in the hands of unorganized men, and if allowed in actual use, it is claimed that civil war must result.

The death is announced, at the age of seventy-six, of Thaddeus Sanford, of Mobile, for many years editor of the Mobile *Register*.

From the Richmond Examiner.

Wilson's speech in Charleston was devoted to an arraignment of the people of South Carolina for the position of the State on the subject of slavery. The discourse was addressed to the negroes, there being but few whites in the auditory, and could have had no other design than to stir up that strife between the races which Mr. Wilson professes to deprecate. The spirit of the speech may be gathered from the following extract:

"In the conflicts through which we have passed, South Carolina has borne a leading and distinguished part. She has given to the Councils of the Republic men of eminent talent and character, who have been the leaders of her sentiment and her opinion. South Carolina has borne the flag of slavery proudly, defiantly. She has borne the very ark of the covenant of slavery; and she has been its champion in North America from 1776 to this very hour. She entered the Congress in 1776, and, through her representatives, compelled that Congress to strike from the Declaration of Independence the words Jefferson traced, arraigning the British King for encouraging the African slave trade."

In view of the arraignment of the position of South Carolina, at the very foundation of the government, it becomes important to inquire how Mr. Wilson's State stood at the same period.

In 1776, the laws of Massachusetts provided that "if any negro or mulatto shall PRESUME to smite or strike any person of the English or other Christian nation (!), such negro or mulatto shall be severely whipped, at the discretion of the Justices before whom the offender shall be convicted."

Could South Carolina surpass that?

In 1776, the laws of Massachusetts imposed a heavy fine on "any of His Majesty's English or Scottish subjects, or the subjects of any other *Christian* nation, who should marry a negro or mulatto," thus plainly evincing that Mr. Wilson's ancestors denied that negroes were Christians, or took no pains to make Christians of them.

Could South Carolina surpass that?

In 1786, Massachusetts re-enacted both the above laws, and, as late as 1836, retained the latter in a revised edition of the code! Indeed, in 1836, the law was much stronger, by adding imprisonment in the common jail to the damages in money for any person who should offend.

But South Carolinians struck from the Declaration of Independence Jefferson's words arraigning the British King for encouraging the slave trade. Why? Because she was unwilling to see Massachusetts stultify herself by denouncing the slave trade, in which so many of her citizens were, and continued to be, engaged. But there was a charge in the Declaration of Independence against GEORGE III., that no one proposed to strike out—that was the charge of *exciting insurrection among us*. In those days Massachusetts thought such conduct sufficiently heinous to deserve mention in the Declaration of Independence. Why? She owned slaves and traded in them! The celebrated May Flower, after unfortunately escaping the perils of the sea and landing the Pilgrims, went off on a *slave cruise*. To excite insurrection then was cause sufficient for rebellion. It was otherwise in 1859.

The Senator proceeds:

"In 1858, when the Lecompton Constitution, that product of fraud and violence, was pending in the Senate, and Stephen A. Douglas was leading the opposition to it, it was your Mr. Hammond, an eminent, able and accomplished man, who came into the Senate and laid down the broad, plain, comprehensive doctrine, that the man who worked for wages, the laboring men of the country, were essentially slaves."

True, indeed; but this lesson he learned from an illustrious son of *Massachusetts*—no other than John Adams, the second President. He said the difference between slaves and other laborers was "imaginary." What matters it," said he, "whether a landlord employing ten laborers gives them annually as much money as will buy the necessaries, or give them those necessaries at short hand?"

Indeed, the world well knows that the conscience of Massachusetts never awoke on the subject of slavery, until she had sold out her slaves to the South. The world further knows that her sons were the most cruel slave traders in former days, and most cruel masters in recent ones. The world further knows that Massachusetts men rarely emancipated slaves, while it was frequently done in the South; and, finally, the records of the Colonization Society show that Massachusetts contributed scarcely a dollar to send colored people to Liberia, while Virginia contributed thousands.

GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Correspondence of Petersburg Index.

MANSON, N. C., May 6th, 1867.

Dear Index:—I am at this point, having enjoyed the privilege of attending the General Convention of the Christian Church, held at Mount Auburn, about eight miles north of this place. The session was an extra one, and commenced on Wednesday last. Rev. W. B. Wellons, the President, called the session to order and presided. Rev. C. A. Apple is the standing Secretary. The following clergymen were present: Revs. T. J. Fowler, Alfred Apple, Solomon Apple, J. W. Wellons, A. G. Anderson, Jno. N. Farrell, Jno. N. Manning, Wm. S. Long, E. W. Beale and Thomas W. Joyner. As many lay delegates were also present. The Conventional sermon was delivered by Rev. Mr. Manning, from John xvii, 11. and produced a decided impression upon the minds of those who heard. The liberal views toward the good of other denominations held by this denomination, were fully brought out in the discourse. The points were well made and well grounded. It was the most harmonious and loving body of men I have ever seen together. The meeting closed yesterday, though the Convention adjourned on Saturday. A large number of persons were present yesterday, and were addressed in the morning by the President, and in the afternoon by the Secretary of the Convention. The discourse in the morning was on the promises of God, and the one in the afternoon on the Glory of the Church. Both were well received.

I judge from the opening address of the President, that the Christians are destined to exercise an influence equal to other denominations in a few years. They number about 4,500 communicants in this State, and about 10,000 in all the Southern States. The division between the Northern and Southern branch of the denomination has not yet been healed, and no advances are being made on either side.

Several Petersburg merchants have been in this section recently, and much tobacco will soon find its way to your city. The wheat crop throughout this section looks most promising, though the farmers complain much of backwardness of other crops.

X.

"COLORED OR PLAIN?"—Waiting for a car on a street corner recently, our ear was taken by a strikingly novel but highly expressive discrimination of classes. A couple of colored women were exchanging expressions of surprise at the conduct of some third person mentioned by one, the other thereupon inquiring: "*Was she colored or plain?*" "*Plain!*" was the satisfactory answer.—*National Intelligencer.*

MARTIAL LAW AND THE TRIBUNE.

The New York *Tribune*, speaking of the recent charge of the Lord Chief Justice Cockburn to the grand jury of the Old Bailey, says "Nothing could possibly be more lucid, more cogent, more masterly and powerful, both in its law and logic," and again characterizes it as a "masterly charge which future generations will regard as a landmark in English history." We quote the following paragraph:

In dealing with the question of martial law, the Lord Chief Justice lays down the broad principle, which he copiously illustrates and fortifies by arguments derived from the English Constitution and English history, that the Crown has no power to proclaim martial law, in the usual acceptation of that term. In cases of violent outbreaks, threatening the public safety, it is the duty of the Government to employ forcible means for repressing disorder, but this may be done without the suspension of the civil law, which is the supreme authority in the State, and *which cannot, even temporarily, be abrogated by any arbitrary act of those in power*. Military law is something distinct from martial law, and is a system of rules laid down by the Articles of War; but to this law civillians are not subjected, and unless taken in red-handed rebellion they can be tried by no other court than the ordinary civil and criminal tribunals of their country. This is very different doctrine from that which has recently been propounded by the English press, and endorsed by certain English statesmen, to the effect that when martial law was proclaimed, the law was the will of the ruler, or, rather, the will of the ruler was law—that martial law was entirely arbitrary—that it was, in short, the suspension of all law. Of such monstrous dogmas the Lord Chief Justice was unsparing in denunciation, as involving "the total abandonment of all those rules and principles which are of the very essence of justice and law." The great point in the charge of the Chief Justice is, *the paramount authority of the civil laws—an authority which cannot, he contends, for a single moment be rightfully set aside by any one man, or any set of men, however exalted in station or in office.* It is surely something gained for the cause of constitutional liberty to have this noble doctrine proclaimed from the English bench, in a tone and spirit worthy of the times that gave birth to the immortal Petition of Rights, or to our own grand Declaration of Independence.

Does it not seem incredible that a paper which thus unstintingly endorses the doctrines of the Chief Justice's charge, as applied to England, should be found zealously advocating the subordination of the civil authority to the military in one half of this Union? What are the professions of the love of freedom worth on the part of a journal which thus ignores its principles to secure the triumph of a party?—*Nat. Intel*

MANUFACTURING TESTIMONY.—The sentence of the court in the case of Conover is not yet enforced. Convicted of one of the basest crimes of which a man may be guilty, stained by the verdict of his countrymen with the offence of bearing false testimony against another, he is still detained in this city, while interview after interview is had with him by an "honorable representative" of the people, who has assumed the high office of impeaching the President of the United States. Conover, under the inspiration of the Bureau of Military Justice, sought to establish the complicity of Jefferson Davis with the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and after acknowledging that his whole statement was a tissue of false swearing, and thus proving himself unworthy credence, he is sought out day after day by the "great impeacher," in the hope of securing—what? The spectacle is unexampled. A member of Congress, who is pledged to convict the President of the United States of high crimes and misdemeanors, returning to this city to prepare testimony for the Judiciary Committee, puts himself in daily and nightly communication with a convicted perjurer, the execution of whose sentence is postponed while the Congressman and the felon consult over charges against the President. Are we to have another Titus Oates conspiracy? Is Mr. Ashley to haunt the jail that he may extract something from a perjurer, whose fabricated testimony dishonors the records of Government trials, which shall be used against the Executive of the United States? Let the public understand this despicable business, and the withering indignation of a free people fall upon the prosecutor who, from such a source, would obtain material with which to gratify his malice. Nor is the jailor free from culpability. To grant midnight interviews between such a ward and such a visitor, no matter if he is a Congressman, does not comport with the responsibility of his position. It becomes him to put an end to this unseemly converse; and if, by such arts only, the object of the "great impeacher" is to be accomplished, it is high time that the farce of impeachment was ended.—*National Intelligencer.*

A REMINISCENCE OF JOHN RANDOLPH.—The New York *Commercial* gives the following reminiscence, which recalls the names of three distinguished men, influentially connected with public affairs:

Before the death of Mr. Gales, who invented a short-hand mode of writing for himself, he spent much time with Col Moore in arranging (for preservation or destruction) a vast accumulation of letters, manuscripts, &c., among which were Mr. Gales's notes of a speech delivered thirty years previously by John Randolph.

The notes had never been written out, nor had the speech been published. In looking them over Mr. Gales found the speech sufficiently interesting for publication. Colonel Moore commenced writing out the speech, the opening sentence of which struck him as so remarkable that he called Mr. Gales's attention to it:

"MR. SPEAKER.—In rising, on this occasion, I claim your patience, your pardon, and your pity."

Mr. Gales remarked, that is what Mr. Randolph said, but you may strike out the word "pity." The speech was thus printed in the *Intelligencer*, and in a few days came a letter from Richard Rush, of Philadelphia, thanking Mr. Gales for exhuming a memorable speech, which he (then a member of Congress) had listened to; and expressing his regret that the reporter had failed to catch a single word—"pity," which had given remarkable effect to the first sentence of the speech!

The publication of a speech, thirty years after its delivery, from notes taken at the time, with the omission of a single word, and that word remembered and supplied by a person who heard the speech, are incidents worth preserving.

A company of Brownlow's Tennessee militia became dissatisfied with the result of the election for officers recently, and a general fight ensued, in which one man was killed, another had his skull fractured, and eight or ten more were severely injured.

The Washington *Chronicle* goes out of the country for support of its hobby, and, chronicling the abolition of slavery in Brazil, says still the work goes bravely on. Has its editor read the late dispatch from Hayti?

It will be two years the 22d of this month since Jefferson Davis entered the portals of Fortress Monroe.

The Emperor of the French has instituted a very good thing, which will make him very popular among the very poor of Paris. He has ordered a number of soup kitchens to be established at various points in the poorer quarters—Saint Antoine, for instance—where that healthy article of food will be served out for a very trifling charge. For one sou (a cent) a working man will be able to get a pint of good soup, two ounces of cooked meat, or a plate of rice, cooked haricot beans, or other vegetables—a frugal meal enough. Several of these kitchens are now in full blast, and the multitudes crowding to them are so great that the supply fails daily. It is well known that one of the Emperor's objects in the extensive constructions, boulevards, and vast material improvements of Paris is to supply the poor of Paris with occupation at the expense of the nation.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.—One of the London papers, in its "fashionable intelligence," informs us that the "Prince of Wales smoked a cigar yesterday with the Duke of St. Albans."

We take pleasure in adding to this piece of foreign news a scrap of domestic intelligence equally as striking. The Hon. Henry Wilson, Senator of the United States from Massachusetts, late "Colonel," of Bull Run celebrity, took a ride in Raleigh a few days ago in company with ex-Provisional Governor Holden, late applicant for the mission to San Salvador, and author of an Ode to John C. Calhoun, full of passionate devotion. It was gratifying to the spectators to observe that the statesman (?) had forgotten that the journalist once insisted that he, the statesman aforesaid, could only be made to comprehend great public questions by means of gutta percha.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

When Queen Emma was in Dublin, the Lord Lieutenant ordered the Hawaiian national air to be played in her honor. The band struck up "The King of the Cannibal Islands."

MARRIED,

On the 30th April, in the Baptist Church, Forestville, N. C., by Rev. W. T. Brooks, Mr. E. A. CARVER and Miss CORINNA SEAWELL, all of Wake county.

DIED,

At the residence of R. H. Henley, Hall County, Alabama, on the morning of the 27th of April, 1867, DR. ROBERT A. SANDERS, of Marianna, Florida.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

44 Fayetteville Street.

GENUINE TURKEY OIL STONES,

1 Handsome Child's Carriage,
last on hand, and will be sold low.
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

may 11-233-tf

COTTON GINS AND PRESSES.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA, FOR HORace L. Emery & Sons' Patent Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers.

This Gin has been selected by "The American Commissioners for the Paris Exhibition," ing superior to all others in the market.
April 1-260-1t

JUST RECEIVED,
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactory of T. MILES & SON.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-232-tf

TO NEWSPAPER MEN.

FOR SALE, A NEWSPAPER, WITH AN OFfice comprising a splendid POWER PRESS, a full assortment of type and other material; and with good will, which includes a large daily subscription list and a fair weekly list. Location good for advertising, circulation very large. Paper popular with Southerners. Business flourishing,—having paid about 75 per cent on original investment.
Apply for information to the
EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.
may 10-232-2aw2w

AUCTION SALES.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867

WILL be sold at TOWLES' Auction, (Sale to commence at 10 o'clock:)

A COLLECTION OF EXCELLENT FURNITURE,

consisting, in part, of fine Mahogany Bureau, Sofa, Settees, Bedsteads, Bedding, Linen Table Cloths, Carpeting, Mattings, &c.,

1 LARGE LOOKING GLASS,

8 Barrels good Flour.
10 Barrels good Shad and Herrings.
Dried Peaches, and other goods, to close consignments.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 10-232 2t Auctioneer.

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR.

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices*.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

IF YOU WANT REALLY TO INDULGE YOURself in the exquisite luxury of a good smoke and inspire yourself with beautiful thoughts and delicious care-beguiling emotions,—in short, if you want to *feel good*,—try some of this fragrant, genuine DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.
at
April 27-223-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

JACKSON WHITE POTATOES

If you want something nice in the shape of a Potato, call and examine those which I am now offering. DOUGLAS BELL.
April 23-218-tf

AUCTION SALES.

ANOTHER AUCTION!

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 22ND, 1867,

at Our Store, No. 58, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,

WE WILL SELL, BY CATALOGUE,

A LARGE VARIED STOCK OF

HARDWARE,

Consisting of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors and Shears, Draw Knives, Hammers, Hatchets Axes and Saws, Tea and Table Spoons, Pad and Stock Locks, Gimlets, Files and Rasps, Horse Shoes, Nails and Tacks, Trace Chains, Spades, Shovels and Forks, Fry Pans, Sauce Pans and Kettles, Candle Sticks, Curry Combs and Horse Brushes, Weeding Hoes, Coffee Mills, Bitters and Cotton Cards, Bridles, Back Bands, &c.

A Full, Complete and well Selected Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

LATEST STYLES AND BEST MAKE.

Twenty Crates of Crockery, Assorted.

Hats and Shoes, Cigars and Tobacco, Wines and Liquors, Sugars and Coffees.

And Twelve heavy Cases of Plain and Fancy Dry Goods, Bleachings, Domestics, &c., &c.

The attention of Merchants is particularly called to this sale.

Parties desiring to add other Goods must have them in Store on or before Saturday the 18th.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers
my 4-228-4d Auction & Com. Mer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF THIS SEASON

AT

SMITH'S,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF

FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN SElected with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best Stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF

Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS,

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration, except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit its continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS SMITH.

may 4-228-4w

THE BOTTLED WATER

OF

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, VA.

THESE MINERAL WATERS

Have an established reputation for very high curative virtues in all the following classes of diseases, and as being an absolute SPECIFIC in several of them, viz:

Scrofula, and all the forms of Glandular swellings and Cutaneous Eruptive Disease, Erysipelas, Tetter, Eczema, &c., *Chronic Diarrhœa*, and *Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Chronic Thrush*, Affections of the *Kidneys* and *Bladder*, Dropsy and Piles. In all anæmic conditions of the System and broken-down states of the Constitution, Loss of Appetite and General Nervous Prostration, their powers and virtue as a Restorative may be safely pronounced to be

WITHOUT A KNOWN RIVAL

Amongst the Mineral Waters of the World.

They are *especially indicated* in the whole class of ailments peculiar to the Female Constitution.

The Springs Pamphlet, with analysis of Professors Hayes, of Boston, and letters of Dr. Cartwright, of New Orleans; Professor Cabell, of the University of Virginia; Drs. Moorman and Graham, of Virginia; Drs. T. G. Thomas and Thos. Addis Emmett, of New York, and of other distinguished men of the clergy and other professions, abundantly attest what is here said of the virtues of this water.

Can be had on applications to the Agents.

THE ALUM MASS,

OR

SALTS OF THE WATER.

These Salts are now put in $2 and $6 vials, sealed and stamped with Springs' seal to prevent all mistake, and sent at those prices, postage paid, to any office in the United States, and, at the price, is much the cheapest form of obtaining the water.

One box of water will last seven weeks at one pint daily.

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

RICHMOND, VA,

A. B. RUCKER, LYNCHBURG, VA.

COLEMAN & RODGERS, DRUGGISTS, BALTIMORE,

HEGEMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS, NEW YORK,

Are kept in regular supply of the Water and Powders direct from the Springs.

☞ Orders sent to either of the above houses or to the proprietors, must be accompanied with the money, as no accounts will be kept.

CAUTION.—In ordering the Water it will not do simply to order "A box of Alum Water." If you want this water, be careful to say "Rockbridge Alum Water," and so also of the Salts or Mass.

The Springs will be opened on the 1st. of June.

Capt. W. H. SALE will continue, as heretofore, general Superintendent. He is well known to the Springs-going public.

FRAZIER & RANDOLPH,
my 8-231-2m Proprietors.

SUGARS! COFFEES!! TEAS!!!

SYRUPS!

CRUSHED SUGAR,
A. B. & C. SUGAR,
PORTO RICO SUGAR.

OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE,
PRIME GREEN LAGUAYRA,
BEST RIO COFFEE.

DELICIOUS GREEN AND BLACK TEA,

and extra Golden Syrup, which are just to hand and will be sold on most accommodating terms, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
my 6 229-tf

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES.

Scythe Sneaths.
Indiana Pond Stones.
For Grass and Grain Scythes.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, May 8 229-tf With HART & LEWIS

FOR SALE.

100 Bushels N. C. OATS
100 " Collins' white corn MEAL and Davidson County Family FLOUR.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
my 8-231-4t

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

SOUTHERN ORPHAN

ASSOCIATION,

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA,

Jan. 30th, 1867.

To be Given at Baltimore, June 17th, 1867.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH, TO BE HAD of JOHN BRAGG, Agent, at Southern Express Office, Raleigh, N. C.

Owing to recent troubles, the Managers have issued the following Card to which the attention of the Public is called:

OFFICE PRESENTATION CONCERT,
Baltimore, April 13, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Our attention has been called to extracts in Southern papers reflecting upon the management of the Presentation Concert in aid of the Southern Orphan Association, and in answer to the statements and assertions contained in such extracts we wish to lay the whole matter before the people, that they may judge from the actions of our accusers the motives by which they are governed. We call attention to the facts contained in the following card, and request the public to bear in mind that the parties mentioned were only members invested with no authority to act in any official capacity whatever. The power they sought to usurp would give them full control of the books and funds, by which they could shape the first to suit them, and withdraw the latter from the bank, where it is now, subject to the order of the Association:

[From the Baltimore Gazette April 11.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

The Southern Orphan Association being liable to misrepresentation in consequence of the late arrest of some of its members on charges preferred by Mr. A. G. Kimberly, we beg leave to present the following statements in regard to the Association and its accusers:

At the inception of the Society the ladies connected with its origin, in view of difficulties that might arise in procuring a charter, determined to admit as members such gentlemen as were supposed to be proper to advise and assist them. Some of these gentlemen apparently worked for the sole benefit of the Association until the Charitable Concert was proposed. After that their actions showed but too plainly that they desired to obtain control of the Association.

At a meeting of the Trustees upon the 8th. of March a constitution, drawn up by Messrs. Kimberly and Hawkins, investing them with full power and authority to handle the funds of the Association and to examine its books, was proposed by Mr. Kimberly, and upon a vote being taken, it was laid aside. The ladies, with some exceptions, rejected it and the President and Treasurer, not recognizing the legality of the document, refused to vote. In this manner it was laid over. Notwithstanding this, the parties resolved themselves into committees and set to work.

On the 3d. of April a committee, consisting of Messrs. Kimberly and Bostock, under this so called constitution, came to our office and demanded the books. The President being present, stated that having refused to accept the constitution, she would not recognise the committee. On the 4th. Mr. Kimberly called, with two gentlemen, and again demanded the books, and was again refused.

On the 5th. by request of Messrs. Kimberly, Hawkins and Bostock, we, with two witnesses attended an interview with them at Barnum's Hotel. Mr. Hawkins stated that he had that morning received a letter from General Trimble, authorizing him to prosecute us for having opened one of the General's letters, which he intended to do to the full extent of the law if we did not give up the books. As the officers should decide this, we told him that he would be answered next day. On that evening the officers and ourselves were arrested on a warrant issued by Mr. Kimberly, and released on bail. The next evening Mr. Hawkins issued a warrant for the arrest of our book keeper, Mr. Schiers, on the charge of having opened General Trimble's letter. As the charge was false, Mr. Schiers was dismissed. We see from this morning's "Sun" that these parties "announce their unqualified repudiation of the project," etc., which will be taken for what it is worth, when it will be shown that they repudiated, etc., because they lost their large commissions in the rejections of their farms and houses by the Society.

The offices and rank they append to their signatures are of their own creation, as the Society wishes the public to understand that it does not recognize the name and office of "Finance Committee" as ever having been created by said Society.

We here leave the public to determine the motives of our accusers, for, to our mind, a simple narration of the above facts is sufficient to show that the Association and ourselves are attacked because we would not suit the purposes of Messrs. Hawkins, Bostock and Kimberly.

L. T. PALMER & CO.

In consequence of the persecution arising from our late connection with these persons, we are compelled to postpone the GRAND CHARITABLE PRESENTATION CONCERT to the SEVENTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1867. This will give us ample time to dispose of all the tickets, and it will afford the public an opportunity to investigate the facts which we have published, thus gaining that confidence which is necessary to ensure the success of every public measure.

We do not wish these statements to be taken unsubstantiated, as we cordially invite an investigation of the enterprize. The grand jury of this city presented us, and we hoped that they would go further and indict us, for we wished to prove to the world our honesty and disinterestedness in this measure, which could not be better done than in an investigation by the grand inquest.

If now remains with the public whether the "Home and School" shall be built. Whether the poor, fatherless children of the South, whose parents' blood was shed in defence of Southern homes, shall be deprived of the blessings which this enterprise seeks to obtain for them. Must we appeal in vain? No, it shall not be said that the Southern people were so ungenerous as to condemn those who are seeking to benefit the children of the soldiers who died for them, upon the evidence of men who, when they saw their own mercenary aims frustrated, sought to cover their guilt by bringing charges on us. Charges which, in the only trial that was allowed us, were proved to be as false as perjury could make them.

L. T. PALMER & CO.

Mrs. J. L. HAMMOND, President, Mrs. E. A. F. MEARES, Treasurer, Mrs. McCUBBIN and Mrs. SCHIERS, Trustees of the Southern Orphan Association, have also published a card. The following are extracts:

"We invite an examination of our books and the funds now accumulating in bank subject to the order of the Association, for the purpose of erecting the home and school for the orphans of the Confederate dead" in the city of Richmond, Virginia. Nothing that we can say will testify more accurately the correctness of our plans than an investigation of our books and funds, and it was because we, as custodians of these treasures, would not surrender them to dishonest men, that we are now subject to their persecutions and abuse.

We have seen the horrors and devastation of the late war, and know the immense amount of suffering occasioned by it. Homes were rendered cheerless by the loss of its head, who fell fighting for the homes of the South, and it was our sympathy for the poor and friendless orphans of the South that caused us to enter into the resolution of securing for them a home and providing an education, as may render them hereafter good and useful citizens of a free and happy land.

We confess, however, that if we could have looked through the future and seen the trials and persecutions to which we are subjected we would have never attempted to begin so thankless a work. But now, having embarked in it, our reputation is at stake, and we must build the Home and School; therefore we call upon all good people to assist us toward the completion of our work by discrediting the assertions made by our en

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will hereafter estimated at 12 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

AGENTS.—W. H. Bernard, Esq., is our Agent at Wilmington, N. C.

W. W. Jones, Esq., is our Agent at Louisburg, N. C.

J. W. Norwood, Esq., is our Agent at Warrenton, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See daily announcement by Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

See advertisement of J. Brown (with Hart & Lewis.)

UNDERSTANDING that a rumor has gained currency, growing out of the indefinite wording of the advertisement in this paper, "To Newspaper Men," that the *Sentinel* is for sale, we would state that such is far from being the case. The paper referred to as for sale is not in Raleigh.

THE 10TH OF MAY.—The hour at which our paper is prepared for press at night, precludes any extended notice, this morning, of the floral coronation and other observances, at the Memorial Cemetery, on yesterday afternoon. In our issue of Monday morning, we will endeavor to give a full account of the exercises. The whole occasion was one of the most beautiful, touching and imposing ever witnessed in this City, and will be long remembered.—Most of the stores were closed in honor of the commemoration, and a very large concourse of all ages and both sexes assembled at the Cemetery. After appropriate prayer by the Rev. Bennett Smedes, the singing of an anthem by an excellent volunteer choir, an oration by Seaton Gales, Esq., and the singing of a fine ode, written for the occasion by L. P. Olds, Esq., the ladies proceeded literally to cover the graves of the sleeping brave with the most beautifully-wrought garlands and with flowers of the loveliest hues. But a full account hereafter.

CORRECTION.—Messrs. E. J. Hale & Son have removed to No. 16, Murray Street, New York, instead of No. 76, as heretofore announced. They will be pleased, in their new establishment, to see all of their Southern friends, who may visit that city.

FAYETTEVILLE MAIL.—We learn, from Dr. Jobe, that the present arrangement of the mails to Fayetteville will be continued until the 1st. of July. After that time, there will be a tri-weekly mail *via* Warsaw, a semi-weekly mail up the river from Wilmington, and a weekly mail from this City, —giving the people of Fayetteville six mails in the week.

LIFE OF REV. J. L. PRITCHARD.—We are indebted to the publishers, Messrs Hutham and Hughes, for a neat little volume with the above title, written by Rev. J. D. Hufham, Editor of the *Biblical Recorder*. The useful life of the late very popular pastor of the Baptist Church in Wilmington, Rev. Mr. Pritchard, deserves to be remembered and his memory perpetuated by a biographical sketch. Mr. Hutham has furnished the many friends of the deceased with an interesting and readable *resume* of his life and labors, in which he bore an active share for the promotion of the cause of Christ.

THE MONITOR—FREEDMAN'S PAPER.—This is the title of a small, neatly-printed weekly paper, published in Lincolnton, for circulation among the colored people. The name of the Editor is withheld, until it is ascertained whether the paper will be sustained, but it is said to be under the auspices of one whose past and personal engagements are directed to the promotion of the good of the colored race. The number before us is well-filled with good, useful and practical reading. The terms of the paper are only $1 per annum, in advance. It will be enlarged, if sufficient patronage is offered to warrant its permanent publication.

ARRESTED.—We learn from the Greensboro' *Register* that W. B. March, President of the Bank of Lexington, N. C., and E. D. Hampton, one of the Directors, were brought to that place on Tuesday, by order of Gen. Sickles, under charge of embezzling the specie of the bank about the time of the surrender. The complaint was made by L. W. Thomas and others. The parties have had a hearing, and the evidence bega forwarded to Gen. Sickles. The gentlemen will remain in charge of the military, until the General is heard from.

THE STORE of Messrs. Wood and West, Kinston, was consumed by fire, a few days since. The loss is about $8,000, and the fire is thought to have been the work of an incendiary. Several negroes have been arrested, charged with being implicated.

For the Sentinel.

TO THE LANDLORDS OF THE CITY OF RALEIGH.

At a meeting of Renters of this City held at the Court House on Monday evening last, the undersigned were appointed a committee to memorialize the Landlords of the City of Raleigh on the subject of Rents

The above meeting was composed of Renters without distinction of color, who are making an honest effort to support their families, pay their debts, and contribute by their means, or labor and skill in the mechanic arts, to build up the City of Raleigh. The meeting was not called in a factious spirit, nor do those who took part in it, propose to threaten or dictate to the owners of houses in the City. Those who composed it, felt that the owners of houses should have a fair rent for the same, but they were satisfied that capital invested in houses in the City is paying larger dividends than a like amount invested in any other species of property.

In April, 1865, the fortunes of war brought to our City a large number of camp-followers, who settled here temporarily, for the purpose of traffic. They possessed peculiar advantages for getting their wares over the railroads, then in the hands of the military authorities, and by reason of the enormous profits exacted for their goods, and their influence with the officers on duty here, they were enabled to offer large sums for the use of store houses, &c. These camp followers opened the flood-gate of high rents, which is now sweeping away not only our hard earnings, but our prospects of prosperity as a people.

We know that the war through which we have just passed swept away fortunes. We know that capital invested in bank stocks, and State bonds, has been rendered valueless, and we heartily sympathize with those of our fellow citizens who have suffered in this respect. But we too have suffered, and we cannot see the justice of charging these losses to us. We are in no way reponsible for these losses, and we respectfully submit that we should not be called on to pay a larger per cent. on one thousand dollars invested in houses, because another thousand invested in bank stock has been rendered valueless.

We know that taxes are high. We know that houses, fences, &c., require repairs, and we do not object to paying a reasonable per cent. for these things. We know that the currency of the country is not on a par with gold, but we also know that it is a better currency than we had during the war.

Complaint has been made that some do not pay their rents. With those who are able and fail to pay, we have no sympathy or word of excuse. But some are not able to pay, and a reduction would enable such to meet their rents in the ratio of reduction.

Although we do not own as much property as you do, we feel that it is our city and our country. We feel deeply interested in whatever tends to improve the condition of those around us, and we beg of our property owners not to estrange, by a course of injustice, the kind feeling of the non-property holders. We feel that our prosperity depends in a very great degree on unity as a people. We cannot believe that those with whom and for whom we have suffered, will oppress us or do us injustice in this our trying hour.

In view of these reasons and others, we respectfully but earnestly request the property-owners of the City to meet together, and take such action as to them may seem proper.

JOHN B. NEATHERY, *Ch'm.*
R. K. FERRELL,
J. B. JORDAN,
S. D. HARRISON,
OSBORNE BOLT,
J. R. CASWELL,
WILLIAM HIGH,
AUSTIN CURTIS,
STEWART D. ELLISON.

THE STORM IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The storm of Tuesday night last was very violent in the eastern part of the State. We learn that the mail train on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad was stopped for some hours, owing to the number of large trees blown down across its track. In the piny woods of the immense sandy levels the storms sometimes play great havoc. The tall pines, although having long tap-roots, cannot withstand the heavier storms, owing to the lightness of the soil in which they grow A tornado occasionally makes a wide way through the forest by felling almost every tree in its route.

A baby elephant, attached to a circus, became frightened near Phœnix, R. I., on Friday, broke away from his keeper, and ran into the principal street. He made a raid upon a fruit-store, went into a saloon and emptied its contents upon the landlord and customers, and was proceeding to demolish a grocery when he was secured by his keeper.

A daughter of Sheriff Dissenway, of Bethlehem, Pa., aged about ten years, a few weeks since, while at school, complained of pain in her eyes, and asked permission to go home. Her request was granted, but before she reached her home, which is only about five hundred yards off, she became totally blind. Up to this time all efforts to restore her sight have proved a failure.

It is said that Sumner and Banks's great onslaught on court dresses was really a blow at Minister Adams, who sports a blue and gold dress designed by his father when Secretary of State. It causes the gorge of Sumner to rises that a man who hasn't even read, as even Sumner has read, Bohn's classics, should aspire to the "blue and gold," which is the ultimate apotheosis of bestified Bohemians of Boston.

A wealthy widow lady in New York lately confessed, while supposed to be dying, a tremendous lot of love for her son's private tutor, and "willed" him $10,000. The lady did'at die and the wedding is announced.

Electricity can be produced from apparently very slight causes. Professor Faraday states that the chemical action of a grain of water upon four grains of zinc can evolve an amount of electricity equal to that of a powerful thunder storm.

Mrs. Scott Siddons, a great grand daughter of the renowned tragic actress, has achieved a most unequivocal success in Shaksperian *roles* at the Haymarket Theatre, London.

Ex-Governor Perry, of South Carolina, is out in another letter, in which he denounces the holding of a Convention and the granting of suffrage to the negro.

It is (Radically) announced from New Orleans that a trade in registration papers has sprung up in that city, white men, who are refused the right, buying the papers of colored men, who willingly sell them.

The citizens of London are about to erect a statue of Mr. Peabody in some conspicuous place in that city. The Prince of Wales heads the subscription list.

The Mobile papers say that in Alabama the desire to embark to Brazil seems to be on the increase, and that a very respectable colony will leave Mobile in a few weeks for that country.

The Norfolk *Virginian* says it would like to put certain questions to Mr. Wilson.—Well, question him. He is a questionable character.—*Prentice.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

NEGRO SHOT—SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION.

MEMPHIS, May 10.

A negro was shot through the heart while attempting to force an entrance into the house of J. B. Lynch, by Mrs Lynch, who was alone.

The Southern Baptist Convention convened yesterday. Rev. R. H. Well, of Georgia, is President. Thirteen States are represented by two hundred delegates. The Foreign Board of Missions reported their expenditures at $22,000, and the Domestic Board at $44,000. The latter Board employs 124 home Missionaries It also supports ten Indian Missions.

IMPEACHMENT.

NASHVILLE, May 10.

The Radicals have secured two thirds by excluding the brother of Judge Frazier, who is considered as incompetent to sit upon his brother's trial. The impeachment will now be pushed.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 10.

Cotton firm. Middling uplands 27.

Stocks active. 5-20 Coupons of '62 $107¼. Virginia Sixes, 64@67. Missouri Sixes, 85½. Gold $1.37¼. Sterling 60 days 9¾. Sight 10¼. Money 5@6.

HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 10, P. M.

The writ of *habeas corpus* for Mr. Davis was served this morning on General Burton, by the Marshall and Deputy Marshall. It was at first decided to deliver the prisoner to the Marshall, but it was afterwards determined to obey the writ literally, by requiring the commandant to produce Mr. Davis before the Court in Richmond on Monday.

General Burton, Mr. Davis and family, and the Marshall, will take the Steamer for Richmond tomorrow morning, stopping at the Spotswood Hotel in that city. General Burton will on Monday personally produce the prisoner in Court.

In the event of Mr. Davis's being released by Judge Underwood, under the writ, he will be immediately re-arrested and placed on trial on an indictment for treason.

Robert Ould, and numerous other visitors, bearing bouquets, reached here this morning, on a visit to Mr Davis and family. The utmost interest is being manifested in Norfolk respecting the probability of the trial of Mr. Davis, and his release

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 10., P. M.

Commodore B. F. Sands has been appointed Superintendent of the Observatory, vice Admiral Davis, ordered to command the South Pacific Squadron.

All members of the Cabinet, except Mr. Browning, attended the meeting to-day.

The Internal Revenue to-day is $273,080.

MEMORIAL OBSERVANCES IN CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, May 10.

The ladies of Charleston observed to-day, by visiting the Cemeteries in large numbers, and decorating the graves of the Confederate soldiers.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 10

Joe Kelley was tried for the murder of Jesse Murphy, of Baltimore, at a horse race, and acquitted to-day.

The present indications are that there will be no demonstration by the people on the arrival of Mr. Davis, through deference to the wishes of the military authorities, though there is great curiosity to see him.

A large meeting of the negroes to-night, with the usual number of addresses.

KELLY IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 10.

Hon. Wm. D. Kelly, member of Congress from Philadelphia, arrived here yesterday, and made a tour of inspection of the colored schools, in company with Maj. Heath and other gentlemen.

FROM EUROPE.

LONDON, May 10.

Lord Derby stated, in Parliament, last night, that he considered the preservation of the peace of Europe no longer a question of doubt.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 10 P. M.

Cotton firm; sales 1000 bales at 27.

Flour—State $11.25@14.60. Southern $13.50@19.

Corn $1,33@1,35.

Mess Pork firm $25,30.

Rice dull. Carolina 10½@11. Spirits Turpentine 67½@69. Rosin $3,85@8.

Gold $1,38½.

BALTIMORE, May 10, P. M.

Cotton quiet. Uplands 26.

Corn dull, $1,30@1,32.

LIVERPOOL, May 10, P. M.

Cotton tends down Sales 10,000 bales. Uplands 10¾. Orleans 11.

The Washington *Chronicle* comes out strongly in favor of forcing negro suffrage upon the Northern States by act of Congress.

Mr. Buchanan is considered the richest of the surviving ex Presidents, and enjoys his *otium cum dignitate* as one may with $200,000.

The *Pilot* says: "Boston needs more religion and less talk about it—more of the spirit of truth and less theological hair-splitting."

The New York *World* has an article headed, "Horace Greely as a hen." No doubt the *World* thinks that the radical editors are all hens—layer upon layer.—*Prentice.*

Spurgeon has finished his very popular course of sermons at Agricultural Hall, in London.

"Bobby, why don't you go home and have your mother sew up that hole in your trousers?" "Oh! go along, old woman, our folks are at the sewing circle, working for the heathen."

A Kentucky clergyman has just gained a law suit which puts $150,000 in his pocket.

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

24 Fayetteville Street 24

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little nicities that will repay inspection.

Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.

Feb 26-179-3m

COTTON PLOWS.

Just received another supply of March's New Patented COTTON PLOW. They give universal satisfaction.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

my 6-229-tf

WRAPPING PAPER.

200 Reams wrapping paper in Store, on consignment.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 4-228-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	34
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	40
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	31
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	26
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	21
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	120
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	23
" Charlotte	20
" Commerce	13
" Clarendon	2
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	15
" Lexington at Graham	20
" North Carolina	43
" Roxboro	40
" Thomasville	40
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	20
" Washington	8
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial at Wilmington	20
Farmers Greensboro (Old)	25
Merchants', Newbern	50
Miners and Planters	30
Virginia Bank notes, average	25
South Carolina "	21
Georgia "	20
Gold	133
Silver	120
Old North Carolina Coupons (fundable)	85
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85
North Carolina 6's	40
Exchange on New York, ¼	

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER, RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	17@18
BEEF	14@20
BUTTER	40@50
COTTON	22@24
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	20@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	12 50@3 00
" Peaches, per bu.	none
FOWLS	3 @50
FLOUR—Family	15 00@17 00
" Superfine	13 00@14 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50
MOLASSES	60@75
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12½@15

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ZEphyrs at 25 cts. per ounce at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

Apr 6-205-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21, Troy, N. Y.

April 6-205-1ydaw

MISCELLANEOUS

JUST RECEIVED

A T

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

100 of the latest styles and patterns

SILK SACQUES

AND MANTLES.

Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer wear.

PRINTS,

and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at

M. ROSENBAUM'S

No. 16, Fayetteville St.,

May 3-227-tf

VENEZUELA.

FOR ORINOCO AND CARONI RIVERS, SOUTH AMERICA.

A VESSEL will leave Charleston, S. C. on the 18th. day of May 1867, for Venezuela, with Emigrants. In order to secure passage from Charleston, application for passage must be made in time, either in person or by letter to

S. ROWLAND,
Raleigh, N. C.

F. S. Passage and board only $75.

May 1-225-2w

FAMILY FLOUR.

Another lot—quality warranted, by

DOUGLAS BELL.

my 6-229-tf

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

In store a good supply of cheap Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Com. Merchant.

my 6-229-tf

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" " Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at

April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!

Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" Blk. Fine felt "
" White " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at

G. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC OETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. OETTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the

ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.

April 4-203-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

NEW ARRIVALS

OF

SPRING AND

SUMMER GOODS.

MAY STYLES.

MOZAMBIQUES, GRENADINES

AND POPLINETTS.

—ALSO,—

LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS,

SEA-SIDES,

SUN-DOWNS

ALMAS, &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

May 6-229-tf

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

A beautiful Stock of New and Fresh Prints, Cheap.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

my 6-229-tf

Astonishing Low Prices.

RED SHEETING.

1,000 yds., Good 10-4 Bleached Sheeting which will be sold at 62½c. per yard

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

SHOES AND HATS.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS FROM 25c. to $2,00

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

500 Yds. heavy Linen Drill, slightly damaged by fresh water; will be sold at cost on account of the underwriters—a great bargain.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Wholesale & Retail Merchants,
Raleigh, N. C.

April 16-213-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

NEAR SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON Co., N. C.
April 29th. 1867.

Messrs. Editors—Please state in the *Sentinel*, that on Saturday, 11th. May, I desire to talk to the people of Raleigh, and of Wake County, men, women, and children, *without distinction of party* or of color, on "The Cause and Cure of our National troubles"

I have had no consultation with any one in reference to this announcement, but I feel impelled to beg, for that occasion, the presence and sympathy of all those in your city and county, who love the Southern States of the old American Union better than any other part of the earth's surface.

Respectfully,

May 1-225-1d ED. W. POU.

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

Wholesale Dealers in Books and Stationery,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 16 MURRAY STREET,

A FEW DOORS FROM BROADWAY, WHERE they are prepared to supply their Southern friends and the public, Booksellers, Merchants, Teachers, Professional gentlemen, and others, with all articles in their line at the most reasonable cash prices.

Address,

E. J. HALE & SON.

May 1-225-2w* 16 Murray Street, New York.

DRY GOODS.

1867. 1867.

FIRST GRAND OPENING OF

NEW SPRING AND

SUMMER GOODS.

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring

AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

Just received 8,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 5,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $4. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 3000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

Groceries and Crockery Ware.

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city. Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.

mar 23-172-tf A. CREECH.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG.

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.

April 19-216-tf

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,
&c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of

May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

OFFICE N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, May 5th. 1867.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, TRAINS ON the North Carolina Rail Road will arrive at and depart from the City of Raleigh, according to the following:

MAIL TRAIN.

	arrive,	depart
Going North	9.18 A. M.	9.28 A. M.
Going South	3.50 P. M.	4.05 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

	arrive,	depart.
Going North	10.20 P. M.	11.20 P. M.
Going South	5.12 A. M.	6.00 A. M.

Mail Train makes close connections with Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

JAMES ANDERSON,
Sup't.

my 7-230-6

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th. 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.30 P. M.
" " leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make unbroken connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALE.

I will sell, on the 23rd day of May, at the Store of W. C. Stronach, on Market Square, all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE (and a fine MILCH COW) belonging to the estate of the late Sarah Stronach deceased.

All sums over $10, six months credit with approved security.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
Admr

Apr. 30-ocdts.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-codly

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STREET,

OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,

Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandise, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN.
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.

Feb 18-164-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery 225 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Peyra, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF	
Moisture	5.30
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	30.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 6-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.50
Salts	90
Insoluble	2.00
	99.00

The animal matter absorbed 4 2-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed, and, as will be seen, nearly one-half of the Bone Phosphate is soluble.

After many analyses of your Super-Phosphate of Lime, made during the last few months, I have found your standard of quality full equal to that of any you have ever sold in former years; and I am satisfied that you include the correct principles in the manufacture. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

We refer to the following gentlemen who tested its merits last season:

Dr. G. A. FOOTE,	Warren County, N. C.
J S FOOTE,	" "
Col JOHN WIMBISH,	Granville "
B T BALLARD,	Franklin, "
A. D. ELLIS,	" "
R. F. YARBOROUGH,	" "
L. BATTLE,	Nash County, N. C.
J H AVENT,	" "
W T WRIGHT,	" "
L M CONYERS,	" "
H G WILLIAMS,	" "
J P HILLIARD,	" "
J P JENKINS,	" "
J J THORNTON,	" "
Dr W H WATSON,	" "
T J BODDIE,	Nash County, North Carolina.
J S BODDIE,	" "
Hon S H ROGERS,	Wake "
T P BRADWELL,	Edgecomb "
J H ARMSTRONG,	" "
J L LEWIS,	" "
E H FLOWERS,	" "
Col G W HAMMOND,	" "
W W BARKER,	" "
J B TAYLOR,	" "
J N TAYLOR,	" "
Gen M W RANSOM,	Northampton "
W P BOLDEN,	Halifax, "
W T TAYLOR,	Wilson, "

We will be represented at the Courts of Granville, Nash, Wake, Edgecombe, Wilson, Halifax, Northampton, Franklin and Warren counties, N. C., and Greensville county Virginia.

Any business confided to us shall have our best attention.

McILWAINE & CO.

Petersburg, Va., Jan 21-3m

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Bremen.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,

AND

BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages s

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867.

ON THE FERRY.

On the ferry, sailing over
To the city, lying dim
In the yellow mist of event ng
By the river's further rim;
On the ferry, gazing outward
To the ocean calm and cool,
Where the blue l ay dips its waters
In the sunset's mee ting gold.

On the ferry, gazing outward,
O, thou ocean, deep and wide,
Every pulse is beating measure
With the rythm of the tide!
Loving waves kiss warm and eager,
Motionless the great ships stand,
While above each pendulous pennon
Lazes me with a beckoning hand.
Calm on the uneasy waters
Lean the sunset bars of flame,
Like the legendary ladder,
On which angels went and came.

In another summer evening,
On a little way before,
I shall reach another ferry,
Seeking swift a dimmer shore.
I shall cross a wider ferry,
Crossing to return no more;
Sailing for a fairer city,
Waiting on a lovlier shore.

Life may touch the soul so gently,
We can hardly call it rough,
Yet we'll all say in its closing
Our brief day's been long enough.
Thus I stand with gathered garments,
Ere the deeper shadows fall;
O, my heart, drop thy last kiss,
Listening for the boatman's call.
Come, and by my spirit sinking,
By my shrinking fears untold;
Bear me gently o'er these waters,
Charon, boatman calm and cold.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE. BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CANDY AND FRUIT.

1500 lbs. Assorted Stick Candy—best quality.
5 Boxes fresh repacked Oranges,
5 " " " Lemons.
10 Quarter and half boxes layer Raisins,
In store and arriving.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

MEAL, MEAL, MEAL.

75 Bushels fresh ground white MEAL, on Consignment.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 7-230-tf

WRAPPING TWINE,

200 lbs. Paper Twine.
200 lbs. Jute "
which will be sold cheap.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

COTTON PLOWS.

We have now ready for delivery
50 of "Sepora's" Cotton Plows. These plows are said by our most experienced Farmers to be the best Cotton cultivating Plow ever offered in this section.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards, Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.
W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *guaring*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.
We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.
We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
April 13-211-tf

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Radical members marked "R." Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c.
Orris S Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
ornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
ico Read Bi ddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
Do

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsey, r
Dan S Norton, c

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Cragin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J S Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas B. Doolittle, c
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Taber, c
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, r
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Kercham, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J V L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferris, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 James M Marvin, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A H LaFin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, r
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

ILLINOIS.
1 N B Judd, r
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, r
5 E C Ingersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 H P H Bromwell, r
8 Shelby M Cullom, r
9 Lewis W Ross, c
10 A G Burr, c
11 Sam'l Marshall, c
12 John Baker, r
13 G B Baum, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C Kerr, c
3 M C Hunter, r
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Colburn, r
7 R D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P C Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James F Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm Vandever, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 G M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Parham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Fred'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Ginery Twitchell, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 C E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, r
5 Frederick Stone, c

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

MISSOURI.
1 Wm A Pile, r
2 C A Newcom, r
3 Thos E Noell, c
4 J J Gravelly, r
5 J W McClurg, r
6 R T Van Horn, r
7 Benj F Loan, r
8 J F Benjamin, r
9 G W Anderson, r

MICHIGAN.
1 Fer C Beaman, r
2 Chas Upson, r
3 Austin Blair, r
4 Thos W Ferry, r
5 R E Trowbridge, r
6 John F Driggs, r

MINNESOTA.
1 Wm Windom, r
2 Ignatius Donnelly, r

NEW JERSEY.
1 William Moore, r
2 Wm A Newell, r
3 Chas Sitgreaves, c
4 John Hill, r
5 G A Halsey, r

NEVADA.
Delons R Ashley, r

OHIO.
1 Benj Eggleston, r
2 R B Hayes, r
3 Robt C Schenck, r
4 Wm Lawrence, r
5 Wm H Mungen, c
6 R W Clark, r
7 Saml Shellabarger, r
8 C S Hamilton, r
9 Ralph P Buckland, r
10 James M Ashley, r
11 John T Wilson, r
12 P Van Trump, c
13 G W Morgan, c
14 Martin W Welker, r
15 Tobias A Plants, r
16 John A Bingham, r
17 Ephraim R Eckley, r
18 Rufus P Spalding, r
19 James A Garfield, r

OREGON.
J D H Henderson, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
1 Samuel J Randall, c
2 Charles O'Neill, r
3 Leonard Myers, r
4 W D Kelley, r
5 Caleb N Taylor, r
6 D Markely Boyer, c
7 John M Broomall, r
8 Lawrence Getz, c
9 Thaddeus Stevens, r
10 Henry L Cake, r
11 D M Van Auken, c
12 Charles Dennison, c
13 Ulysses F Mercer, r
14 Geo F Miller, r
15 A J Goldsbrenner, c
16 Wm H Koontz, r
17 Daniel S Morrell, r
18 Stephen F Wilson, r
19 G W Schofield, r
20 Darwin A Finney, r
21 John Covode, r
22 J K Morehead, r
23 Thomas Williams, r
24 G V Lawrence, r

VERMONT.
1 E P. Woodbridge, r
2 Luke Poland, r
3 W C Smith, r

WISCONSIN
1 Halbert E Paine, r
2 Benj F Hopkins, r
3 Amasa Cobb, r
4 Chas A Eldridge, c
5 Philetus Sawyer, r
6 C C Washburne, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
1 C D Hubbard, r
2 Benj M Kitchen, r
3 Daniel Polsey, r

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:
Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.
I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city. I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.
J. M. BLAIR.
mar 21-199-tf

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Feb20-165-tf Auctioneer.

Office Western N. C. R. R., Co.,
STATESVILLE, N. C., April 27, 1867.

A CALL meeting of the Stockholders of the Western N. C. R. R. Company will be held in Morganton, on Wednesday, the 29th. of May, to accept or reject an important amendment to the Charter, passed by the last Legislature.
Stockholders and their families will pass free.
By order of the Directors,
B. F. SIMONTON,
May 1-225-wtd. Secretary and Treasu er.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSINESS intrusted to his care.
Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
Jan 24-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article [illegible], and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law, and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel states, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4t . section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this a ticle.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United states against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2 1867 shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or co-comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR SALE.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 2-175-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune

1867.

As spring approaches
Ants and Roaches
From their holes come out
And Mice and Rats
In spite of cats,
Gaily skip about.

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm's

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls Animals &c.*

☞ !!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy
☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR, 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold in Raleigh N. C.
☞ By—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BUCKTHORN SALVE

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Eruptions, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c; Chapped Hands, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.
☞ Sold by all druggists everywhere.
☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh, N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
UNIVERSAL
CORN SOLVENT,

For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

☞ Boxes 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.
☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PREPARATION OF
BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.
Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

☞ Bottles, $1.
☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PECTORAL
COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

☞ Bottles, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.
☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BISHOP PILLS,

A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL,

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

☞ Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.
☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.
mar 29-198-3mdaw

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

1867. SPRING 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 258 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the
ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.
mar 21-195-3m*

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook
Sheet Lead,	Stove,
Lead Pipe,	Patapsco Cook.
Iron Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Terra Cotia Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Brass Cocks,	European Range,
Plated Cocks,	Magee Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs.	Spence Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Emerald Range,
Water Closets,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Iron and China Basins,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Hydrants,	Parlor, Church and
Pumps,	Stoves in great variety.
Rams, Fountains,	All the different styles
Water Wheels	of Grates,
Garden Vases,	High Up and Low
Water-Coolers,	Down Portable
Refrigerators, &c.	Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

TRADE ST., SPRINGS' BUILDING.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Brenizer Kellogg & Co.

GREENSBORO' N. C.

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern bank notes, Exchange, bonds, stocks and coupons.

Collections made on all accessible points. Deposits received subject to sight checks.

REFER TO

BREM, BROWN & CO., Charlotte, N. C.
Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON, "
Gov. Z. B. VANCE, Charlotte, N. C.
JESSE H. LINDSAY, Esq., Greensboro,' N. C.
April 5-204-tf

"THE SQUARE AND COMPASS,"

A Weekly Masonic Newspaper

PUBLISHED BY

JOSEPH G. HESTER,

CITY HALL, RALEIGH, N. C.

This journal will be devoted to the interests of masonry and the dissemination of all knowledge, calculated to promote and